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Independent Auditor's Report
To the members of Devonfield Enterprises Inc.

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report being a special purpose financial report of Devonfield Enterprises Inc, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the declaration by members of the committee.

Committee's responsibility for the financial report

The Committee of the entity is responsible for the preparation of the financial report and have determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the financial report is appropriate to meet the financial reporting requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and is appropriate to meet the needs of the members.

The Committee's responsibility also includes such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the

circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the committee, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial report presents fairly in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial position of Devonfield Enterprises Inc. at 30 June 2016, and of its performance for the year then ended;
- 2 we obtained the information we required for the audit and Devonfield Enterprises Inc. kept proper accounting records and other books during the year ended 30 June 2016; and
- 3 the rules relating to the administration of the funds of Devonfield Enterprises Inc. have been observed.

Don Willing & Associates Pty Ltd Chartered Accountant

DC Willing

Director

Devonport, 24 October 2016

Devonfield Enterprises Inc. Financial report

30 June 2016

Statement of financial position 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$	2015 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	2	3,089,637	2,467,290
Trade and other receivables	3	611,846	474,912
Inventories	4	62,677	45,555
Other current assets	5	·=	.
Total current assets		3,764,160	2,987,757
Non-current assets			
Financial assets	6	231	231
Property, plant and equipment	7	3,486,293	3,581,860
Total non-current assets	-	3,486,524	3,582,091
Total assets	-	7,250,684	6,569,848
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	8	979,381	700,279
Provisions	9	790,765	615,353
Total current liabilities	-	1,770,146	1,315,632
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	9	83,549	166,090
Total non-current assets	-	83,549	166,090
Total liabilities		1,853,695	1,481,722
Net assets	-	5,396,989	5,088,126
Equity			
Retained earnings		4,638,293	4,329,430
Reserves	10	758,696	758,696
Total equity	-	5,396,989	5,088,126
	-		

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Statement of cashflows Year ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 \$	2015 \$
Cash flow from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		11,676,683	10,562,721
Payments to suppliers and employees		(10,943,691)	(10,773,341)
Net cash generated from operating activities	15(b)	731,385	(210,620)
Cash flow from investing activities			
Interest received		50,241	48,889
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		102,392	8,455
Payment for property, plant and equipment		(261,670)	(43,002)
Payments for/(receipts from) financial assets		21	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(109,037)	14,342
Net (decrease) increase in cash held		622,348	(196,278)
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		2,467,290	2,663,568
Cash at the end of the financial year	15(a)	3,089,638	2,467,290

Devonfield Enterprises Inc.

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 30 June 2016

	Retained earnings	Asset revaluation reserve	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 30 June 2014	4,221,786	758,696	4,980,482
Profit for the year	107,644	. 00,000	107,644
Balance as at 30 June 2015	4,329,430	758,696	5,088,126
Profit for the year	308,863	. 55,555	308,863
Balance as at 30 June 2016	4,638,293	758,696	5,396,989

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Devonfield Enterprises Inc. Statement of comprehensive income Year ended 30 June 2016

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Operating income		
Sales	1,422,778	1,191,937
Fees received	2,908,343	2,490,836
Operational subsidies and grants	7,051,105	6,863,309
Other income	431,391	162,495
Communication and computer expenses	(168,553)	(166,127)
Depreciation expense	(263,047)	(265,304)
Employment expenses	(8,865,971)	(7,905,109)
Insurance expenses	(112,913)	(128,252)
Materials and factory expenses	(889,712)	(767,852)
Occupancy expenses	(906,822)	(1,143,405)
Other expenses	(246,182)	(168,200)
Transport and vehicle expenses	(223,315)	(179,469)
	137,102	(15,141)
Non-operating income		
Investment income	78,897	83,187
Bequests and donations	92,864	39,598
	171,761	122,785
Surplus for the year	308,863	107,644

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1: Statement of significant accounting policies

In the Board's opinion, the Association is not a reporting entity since there are unlikely to exist users of the financial report who are not able to command the preparation of reports tailored so as to satisfy specifically all of their information needs. This special purpose financial report has been prepared to meet the reporting requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the entity in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

Reporting basis and conventions

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs. It does not take into account changing money values or, except where stated, current valuations of non current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Accounting policies

a. Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised upon the delivery of goods to customers.

Grant revenue is recognised in the income statement when it is controlled. When there are conditions attached to grant revenue relating to the use of those grants for specific purposes it is recognised in the balance sheet as a liability until such conditions are met or services provided.

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received unless they are designated for a specific purpose, where they are carried forward as prepaid income on the balance sheet.

Interest revenue from investments is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

b. Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

c. Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair values less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

<u>Property</u>

Freehold land and buildings are shown at their cost, less subsequent depreciation for buildings.

Freehold land and buildings that have been contributed at no cost, or for nominal cost are valued at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Plant and equipment that have been contributed at no cost, or for nominal cost are valued at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2016

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including building and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a diminishing value basis over their useful lives to the economic entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of fixed asset:	Depreciation rate:	
Buildings, depending on age of building, straight line	2.5% to	10.00%
Plant and equipment, diminishing value	12.5% to	20.00%
Computer equipment, diminishing value	40%	60.00%
Motor vehicles, diminishing value	20.00%	30.00%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjustment where appropriate made charged to depreciation.

Asset classes carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the income statement. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

d. Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Where the future economic benefits of the asset are not primarily dependent upon on the assets ability to generate net cash inflows and when the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits, value in use is depreciated replacement cost of an asset.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an assets class, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the class of assets belong.

e. Employee benefits

Provision is made for the entity's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits expected to be settled within one year together with benefits arising from wages, salaries and annual leave which may be settled after one year, have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled plus related on costs. Other employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the net present value.

Contributions are made by the entity to an employee superannuation fund and are charged as expenses when incurred.

f. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at-call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2016

g. Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cashflows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

h. Unexpended grants

The entity receives grant monies to fund projects either for contracted periods of time or for specific projects irrespective of the period of time required to complete those projects. It is the policy of the entity to treat grants monies as unexpended grants in the balance sheet where the entity is contractually obliged to provide the services in a subsequent financial period to when the grant is received or in the case of specific project grants where the project has not been completed.

Contributions

The company receives non-reciprocal contributions from the government and other parties for no or a nominal value. These contributions are recognised as income in the period in which they are intended to be acquitted.

j. Income tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the entity is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

k. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Comparative figures

Where required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

m. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the group.

Key estimates — Impairment

The entity assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the entity that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Fair value less costs to sell or current replacement cost calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

n. Economic dependence

Devonfield Enterprises Inc is dependent on the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Families, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs for the majority of its revenue used to operate the business. At the date of this report the board of management has no reason to believe the departments will not continue to support Devonfield Enterprises Inc..

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2016

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Note 2: Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank	1,263,266	1,356,770
Short term deposits	1,815,571	1,100,000
Cash on hand	10,800	10,520
	3,089,637	2,467,290
Note 3: Trade and other receivables		
Trade receivables	472,727	448,522
Provision for impairment of receivables	(460)	(1,125)
Other	472,267	447,397
Other receivables	139,579	27,515
	611,846	474,912
Note 4: Inventories		
Raw materials & stores Finished goods	54,029	33,596
i illistied goods	8,649 62,678	11,960 45,556
	02,070	45,556
Note 5: Other assets		
Prepayments	-	-
Note 6: Financial assets Term deposits		
Shares in listed corporations, at cost	231	231
	231	231
		201
Note 7: Property, plant and equipment Land and buildings		
Freehold land at cost	823,483	823,483
	823,483	823,483
Buildings at cost	3,930,827	3,930,827
Accumulated depreciation	(2,067,345)	(1,995,397)
	1,863,482	1,935,430
Plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment at cost	1,836,707	2,002,227
Accumulated depreciation	(1,037,379)	(1,179,280)
	799,328	822,947
Total property, plant and equipment	3,486,293	3,581,860
	0,100,200	0,001,000

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2016

Movements in carrying amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

end of the current financial year:				
	Land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of the year Additions at cost	823,483	2,010,146	978,975 43,002	3,812,604
Disposals			(12,743)	43,002 (12,743)
Depreciation expense		(74,714)	(186,289)	(261,003)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2015	823,483	1,935,432	822,945	3,581,860
Balance at the beginning of the year Additions at cost	823,483	1,935,432	822,945 261,670	3,581,860 261,670
Disposals Depreciation expense		(74.040)	(119,181)	(119,181)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2016	823,483	(71,948) 1,863,484	(166,108) 799,326	(238,056) 3,486,293
Note 8: Trade and other payables Trade payables Other current payables Client funds GST payable and PAYG Withholding tax Employee benefits Note 9: Provisions			2016 \$ 235,590 49,288 157,466 243,841 293,196 979,381	2015 \$ 239,961 41,904 88,255 92,241 237,918 700,279
Current				
Provision for employee leave			790,765	615,353
Non current			790,765	615,353
Provision for employee leave			83,549	166,090
			83,549	166,090
Total provisions			874,314	781,443
Note 10: Reserves				
Asset revaluation reserve			758,696	758,696
This reserve records the revaluation of property	orty plant and as-	done and college and		

This reserve records the revaluation of property, plant and equipment which occurred prior to the change in accounting standards.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2016

Note 11: Capital and leasing commitments

The entity does not have any non-cancellable operating leases at balance date.

The entity has no capital commitments as at year end balance date.

Note 12: Contingent liabilities and assets

In accordance with correspondence received just prior to balance date, the Department of Health and Human Services has indicated that it requires the repayment of unexpended grants under their contract which commenced in the 2014 financial year and ends on the 30 June 2016.

At the date of this statement, the amount for the current period is estimated to be in excess of \$1.3 million. Devonfield Enterprises Inc is currently negotiating with the Department in order to reduce the amount which will ultimately be payable. Accordingly, as the amount cannot be determined with a degree of certainty it has not been included in liabilities.

In prior periods the Department has not insisted on repayment of excess grant funds, albeit the excess amounts in those periods were less than the excess amounts in the current funding period.

Note 13: Events after the balance date

There are no events that have occurred after bablance date which will influence the nature of future operations or affect the interpretation of the information in these financial statements.

Note 14: Related party transactions

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other persons unless otherwise stated.

Note 15: Cash flow information

 Reconciliation of cash The following elements have been included in cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows. 	2016 \$	2015 \$
Cash at bank Short term deposits	1,263,266 1,815,571	1,356,770 1,100,000
Cash on hand	10,800	10,520
_	3,089,637	2,467,290

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 June 2016

b. Reconciliation of cashflow from		
Surplus from ordinary activities	308,863	107,644
Non cash flow items:		,
Depreciation and amortisation	238,056	238,056
Loss/(profit) on realisation of assets	16.790	·
Charges to provisions		4,288
	92,871	10,946
Interest received	(50.5)	
	(50,241)	(48,889)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease/(Increase) in trade & other re	eceivables (136,934)	(145,856)
Decrease in prepayments	(100,001)	(140,000)
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	(17,122)	(18,997)
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade and other	219,102	(380,759)
Cash flows provided by operating active	rities 731,385	(233,567)

Note 16: Entity details

The registered office and principal place of business of the entity is: 133 Middle Road
Devonport Tasmania

Board declaration

The responsible persons declare that in the responsible persons' opinion:

- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the registered entity is able to pay all of its debts, as and when they become due and payable; and
- 2 the financial statements and notes satisfy the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-forprofits Commission Act 2012

Signed in accordance with subsection 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Dated this Alf day of October 2016

Elamphell.

RLG Martin